Below you will find the topics and their accompanying references for the 2023 Vascular Surgery Continuous Certification Assessment. **Diplomates are neither required nor expected to read all of these references before or during the completion of the assessment.** The Key References are marked with a yellow star ⭐ below.

Please note that the American Board of Surgery (ABS) provides as many open-access articles to our Candidates as possible. While you are completing your assessment, Key References will have a direct link to a full-text article or an article PDF purchased by the ABS in the exam platform. Due to limited permissions, we cannot provide links to full-text articles or article PDFs on this Reference Document, as it is not hosted on a secure browser. Article links on this document will take you to the article page on PubMed. We cannot guarantee that all article links will be open access on PubMed. **To view the full-text Key References prior to beginning your assessment, please log into the ABS surgeon portal and find the “My Continuous Certification” page. Under the “Assessments” tab, click on “Reference Documents”**.
### Angioaccess


### Atherectomy


### Carotid Artery


**Chronic Critical Limb Ischemia**


**Complications of Vascular Surgery**


Diabetic Foot


Enhanced Recovery After Surgery


Fibromuscular Dysplasia


Goal Setting with Elderly Patients and Families


Infections – Graft and Endograft


Intramural Hematoma

**Lymphedema**


**Median Arcuate Ligament Syndrome**


**Necrotizing Soft Tissue Infections**

Perioperative Management of the Therapeutically Anticoagulated Patient


Popliteal Artery Aneurysms


Quality Improvement


Racial and Ethnic Differences in Disease Severity and Outcomes


Risk Reduction


Sex Disparities After Fenestrated Branched Endovascular Aortic Aneurysm Repair


Superior Mesenteric Artery Dissection


Surgical Site Infection


The Value of the Modern Vascular Surgeon

Thoracic Aortic Aneurysm


Thoracic Outlet Syndrome


Varicose Veins


Vascular Trauma


**Venous Thrombosis**
